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# **Farm Machinery Rental System**

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Abstract: Agriculture is a crucial pillar of the Indian economy, necessitating ongoing support and improvement. Several NGOs in India have initiated programs to assist farmers by providing modern agricultural equipment on a rental basis. This access to contemporary tools enhances efficiency and simplifies farming tasks. Currently, farmers often face the challenge of traveling considerable distances to borrow essential equipment, which can be both tiresome and costly.

In response to this, smart digital farming has emerged as a leading technology opportunity, as highlighted in the latest Global Opportunity Report for its potential positive impact on society. This paper focuses on digitizing the rental process for agricultural equipment, aiming to develop a user-friendly application for farmers. Through this app, farmers can easily check the availability of equipment, request rentals, and even book items in advance.

The platform will also enable tracking of rented equipment, ensuring better inventory management. Furthermore, we aim to create analytics for state heads to improve equipment availability and monitor usage effectively. By providing real-time data, we can enhance support for farmers, ensuring they have timely access to the tools they need for optimal productivity. This initiative not only seeks to reduce the logistical burdens faced by farmers but also aims to foster a more efficient agricultural ecosystem in India. Ultimately, our goal is to empower farmers through technology, making modern agricultural practices more accessible and sustainable

### Keywords: Agriculture

### I. INTRODUCTION

Agriculture is a cornerstone of the Indian economy, necessitating continuous support and enhancement to meet the evolving needs of farmers. To address this, several NGOs in India have launched initiatives aimed at assisting farmers by providing modern agricultural equipment on a rental basis. Access to such equipment significantly improves the efficiency and ease of farming operations. Various organizations have been established to cater to farmers in need, owning the equipment and renting it out at affordable rates.

Currently, farmers often face the cumbersome task of traveling long distances to borrow essential tools, which can be both time-consuming and economically burdensome. To tackle this issue, smart digital farming has emerged as a top technology opportunity, recognized in the latest Global Opportunity Report for its potential positive societal impact. This paper focuses on digitizing the rental process for agricultural equipment, aiming to develop a user-friendly application that enables farmers to conveniently access equipment for rent.

Through this application, farmers will be able to check the availability of various tools, request rentals, and even make advance bookings. Additionally, the platform will facilitate tracking of rented equipment, improving inventory management for organizations. Our goal is to develop analytics for state heads to enhance equipment availability and monitor usage effectively. This data-driven approach will enable better support for farmers, especially in light of the increasing shortage of human labor in agriculture.

Indian farming is undergoing a significant transformation, shifting from reliance on manual labor and animal power to mechanical solutions due to rising costs and dwindling labor availability. This shift underscores the pressing need for agricultural automation. By digitizing access to agricultural equipment, we aim to empower farmers, making modern agricultural practices more accessible and sustainable, ultimately contributing to a more efficient agricultural ecosystem in India.

#### The objectives this paper is:

- We aim at developing an application that farmers can use to get their equipment's on rent and also check the availability It reduces the cost of visiting the nodal centres to check the availability and renting.
- We also allow them to book the equipment's in advance.
- It also helps us to get the track of equipment's that are on rent
- We also aim at developing analytic for the state heads to make better availability of equipment's an to keep track of the equipment's as well which could help in providing better support for farmers.

India India

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#### RELATED WORK

Title of the work: Web-based Agricultural Rental System

**Author:** Seung-YeoubShin, Chang-Ho Kang, Seok-Cheol Yu, ByounggapKim, Yu-Yong Kim, Jin-Oh Kim, Kyou-Seung Lee Organization: International Journal of Invention in Electronics and Electrical Engineering

**Description:** This study was conducted to bring web-based system to maintain the efficient operation and management of agriculture equipment transparently. Users (farmers) may search the database of rental machinery and reserve them. A data base management system was made used for higher system compatibility and integrated work. This system was compatible with I.E 6.0 or later to ensure privacy and seamless internet operations.

#### **High-level Design**

### Software development methodology

This application comprises mainly of two parts:

**Front End:** This part is responsible for interacting or conveying among the students and faculty of the same department.

**Back End:** This part is mainly responsible for the storage purpose. Oracle database is used for uploading or downloading data into or from back end using queries from front end respectively.

Detailed overview of Front End

The front end is based on Java platform where farmers can book the required machinery can be booked for a certain period of time.

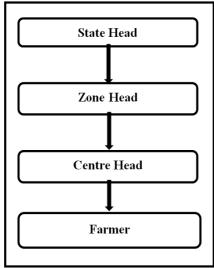


Figure 1: User hierarchy

#### II. FARMER SIDE OF THE APPLICATION

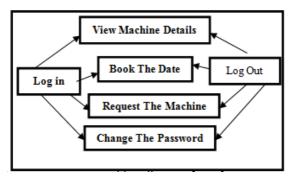


Figure 2: State Transition diagram for a farmer

Farmers has to register themselves by providing their Name, Mobile number. Upon registering successfully, each one of the will provided with an Id which will be useful for the further process. While registering, if a particular farmer is already registered with a mobile number, then an error message popup saying - this mobile number is already



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registered. Once successfully registered, farmers can login through their given Id and can choose the machine they want and can change their password also. Farmers can request the machinery, if its is not available at the centre, by filling details in the portal. They will log out at the end

### Zonal Head side of the application

Zonal Head have to login to the application using the username and Password He/she can view the list of machineries ordered in a particular area.

They can perform the analytics and sanction the machineries based on the requirements

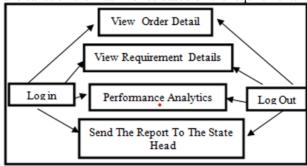


Figure 3: State Transition diagram for a Zonal Head

#### III. ARCHITECTURE

### **Web Application Architecture**

Web application architecture characterizes the collaborations between applications, middleware frameworks and databases to guarantee different applications can co-operate. At the point when a user writes the URL and press "enter", the browser loads that specific web page.

The server at that point reacts by sending information over to the browser. After that activity, the program executes those queries to the client. Presently, the client gets the chance to connect with the site. Obviously, these activities are executed inside a matter of seconds.

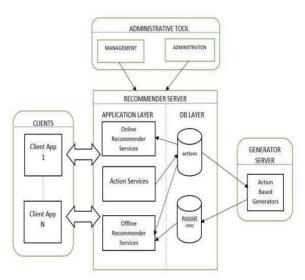


Figure 4: Web application architecture

Obviously, it is intended to work proficiently while meeting its particular needs and objectives. Web application engineering is basic since the larger part of world-wide system movement, and each and every application and gadget utilizes on-line correspondence. It manages scale, productivity, vigour, and security. In web application, there are two codes that run simultaneously:

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- One that run on browser and responds to user input.
- Other that run on server and responds to https requests.

While writing the code it is up to developer to decide how to relate these two codes.

For the server side, usually used languages JAVA

For the client side, usually used languages are XML etc.

#### Features of web application:

- Sending data via http which can be understandable by client-side interface and vice versa.
- Making sure request contain valid data.
- Limits the visibility of users based on permission.
- Offers authentication to users.
- Creates, modify and delete data.

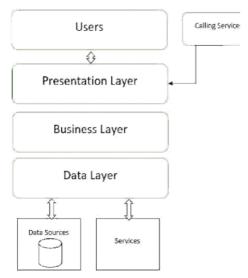


Figure 5: Mobile application architecture

#### Mobile application architecture

Application engineering is a lot of advancements and models for the improvement of completely organized portable projects dependent on industry and merchant explicit gauges. As you build up the design of your application, you likewise consider programs that deal with remote gadgets, for example, cell phones and tablets. Mobile app architecture design usually consists of multiple layers, including:

- **Presentation Layer** contains UI components as well as the components processing them.
- Business Layer composed of workflows, business entities and components.
- **Data layer -** comprises data utilities, data access components and service agents.

### IV. EXECUTION RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS USER

### **Interface representation:**

In order to make user interface more attractive and user friendly, many controls are used. Some of which are as follows:

- Input field: This allows the user to input the data into the web application. This can be used anywhere such as while entering username, password and other details to the portal.
- **Image view:** This is required to insert images (logo, pictures, etc.) to the webpages to make it more attractive.
- **Button:** This is used to submit the user details to the database. It has a clickable horizontal bar like interface.
- **Dropdown menu:** it is used to group similar functionalities under one name. When user clicks on the heading, a sub menu is dropped for user to choose from.
- Paragraph: This is used to simply show the necessary details to the users. Users can only read the details which are written using paragraph tag.



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#### **Brief Description of Various Modules:**

- **Register:** Farmers have to visit the centres and they have to provide their details to the centre head. These details will be dynamically added to the db. by the respective heads and farmers will be given a username and password.
- **Login:** Login module will verify if user exists and registration has been done for farmers. A separate credentials will be given for Centre, Zonal and State heads.
- **Assign equipment's:** equipment requested by the farmers will be provided by the centre Head based on the approval by the Zonal head.
- **Request machineries:** Farmers have to request the machineries if the desired equipment is not available for that date. This will be reviewed by Zonal and state Head.
- Getting notified: When the farmer requests for a equipment, respective Zonal head will be notified in his portal.
- **Generate reports:** Centre Head can generate reports based on the equipment's rented i.e. weekly wise, monthly wise and yearly wise and submit them to Zonal Head
- **Perform analytics:** State Head can view the graphs which are generated which shows him, in which season which equipment has been rented more in that centre and take the proper measures if the demand is more.

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#### V. CONCLUSIONS AND FUTURE SCOPE

The online administration framework for Agri-Equipment rental framework was made to guarantee the productive task and straightforward administration of a government-upheld farming hardware rental business

It reduces the manual work. It reduces the paper work, thus supporting the sustainable environment. It saves time also. Moreover, the proper documentation of whole project is also provided so that any-one can understand the project and can do the necessary changes if required. This application can be improved in many ways and can be extended to support multiple devices. Following are some of the possible extensions:

Analytics can be extended in such a way that State head can view, in which region which machinery is required and move to that location in prior. Inclusion of crops and fertilizers to the list. Inclusion of GPS and maps which can help in identifying the current locomotion state of

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